אַמַר רָב פָּמָה? אָמַר הָניו וּבָנֵי בָּיתוֹ קְטַנִּים, מוּתַר: וְעַד כַּמָה? אַמַר רַב . חָסָדָא: תִּינוֹקֵת בַּת שַׁלשׁ שָנִים וְיוֹם אֲחָד, וְתִינוֹק בֵּן תֵשַע שָנִים וְיוֹם אַחַד. אִיכַּא דָאַמְרִי: תִּינוֹקֵת בַּת אַחַת עֲשְׂרֵה שַׁנָה וְיוֹם אַחַד, וְתִינוֹק בַּן שָׁתֵּים עֵשָׂרָה שָׁנָה וְיוֹם אֱחָד. אִידֵי וְאִידֵי עַד כְּדֵי "שַׁדַיִם נַכֹנוּ ושערך צמח".

The Master said in a baraita: If his children and the members of his household were minors, even though they are unclothed, it is permitted to recite Shema even without a garment separating between them. The Gemara asks: Until what age is one still considered a minor? Rav Ḥisda said: A girl until she is three years and one day old, and a boy until he is nine years and one day old, for these are the ages from which a sexual act in which they participate is considered a sexual act. Some say: A girl eleven years and one day old and a boy of twelve

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Berakhot 24a

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المُلْمُالُةُ أَا خُرَّانًا..

The Master said in a baraita: If his children and the members of his household were minors, even though they are unclothed, it is permitted to recite Shema even without a garment separating between them. The Gemara asks: Until what age is one still considered a minor? Rav Ḥisda said: A girl until she is three years and one day old, and a boy until he is nine years and one day old, for these are the ages from which a sexual act in which they participate is considered a sexual act. Some say: A girl eleven years and one day old and a boy of twelve years and one day old, as that is the age at which they are considered adults in this regard. This age is only approximate, as the age of majority for both this, the boy, and that, the girl, is at the onset of puberty in accordance with the verse: "Your breasts were formed and your hair was grown" (Ezekiel 16:7).

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מַתְנִי׳ כֶּן תַּשַׁע שָׁנִים וְיוֹם אֶחָד שֶׁבָּא עַל יְבִמְתּוֹ, וְאַחַר כָּךְּ בָּא עַלְיִהְ אָחִיו שֶׁהוּא בֶּן תַּשַׁע שָׁנִים וְיוֹם אֶחָד — פּוֹסַל עַל יְדוֹ. רַבִּי שָׁמְעוֹן אוֹמֵר: לֹא פָּסַל. בֶּן תַשַׁע שְׁנִים וְיוֹם אֶחָד שֶׁבָּא עַל יְבִמְתּוֹ, שְׁמְעוֹן אוֹמֵר: לֹא פָּסַל. בֶּן תַשַׁע שְׁנִים וְיוֹם אֶחָד שֶׁבָּא עַל יְבִמְתּוֹ, וְאַחַר כָּךְּ בָּא עַל צְרָתָה — פְּסַל עַל יְדֵי עַצְמוֹ. רַבִּי שִׁמְעוֹן אוֹמֵר: לֹא פַּסַל.

MISHNA: If a boy aged nine years and one day had sexual relations with his yevama, and afterward his brother, who is also nine years and one day old, had relations with her, the second brother disqualifies her to the first one. Rabbi Shimon says he does not disqualify her. If a minor aged nine years and one day had relations with his yevama, and afterward that same boy had relations with her rival wife, he thereby disqualifies her to himself, and both women are now forbidden to him. Rabbi Shimon says he does not disqualify her.

גָּמָ׳ תַנְיָא, אָמַר לָהֶם רַבִּי שִׁמְעוֹן לַחֲכָמִים: אָם בִּיאָה רָאשׁוֹנָה בִּיאָה

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– בִּיאָה שְׁנָיֶיה אֵינָה בִּיאָה. וְאָם בִּיאָה רִאשׁוֹנָה אֵינָה בִּיאָהבִיאָה שְׁנַיִיה נַמֵּי אֵינַה בִּיאָה.

GEMARA: It is taught in a baraita that Rabbi Shimon said to the Rabbis: If the first sexual act of a nine-year-old is considered a proper act of sexual relations, then the second act is not an act of consequence, just as the intercourse of one adult yavam after that of another adult yavam is of no effect. And if you say that the first sexual act is not considered a sexual act, the second act of himself or his brother is also not a sexual act. However, the Rabbis maintain that as the intercourse of a nine-year-old is like a levirate betrothal, one sexual act can take effect after another.

• מַתְנִיתִין דְּלֶא כְּבֶן עַזַּאי. דְּתַנְיָא, בֶּן עַזַּאי אוֹמֵר: יֵשׁ מַאֲמֶר אַחַר

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Ketubot 11a
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מַתְנִי' הַגָּדוֹל שֶׁבָּא עַל הַקְּטַנָּה וְקְטָן שֶׁבָּא עַל הַגְּדוֹלָה וּמוּכַּת עֵץ

— כְּתוּבָּתָן מָאתַיִם, דְּבְרֵי רַבִּי מֵאִיר. וַחֲכָמִים אוֹמְרִים: מוּכַּת עֵץ
כַּתוּבַּתַה מֵנֵה.

MISHNA: With regard to an adult man who engaged in intercourse with a minor girl less than three years old; or a minor boy less than nine years old who engaged in intercourse with an adult woman; or a woman who had her hymen ruptured by wood or any other foreign object, for all these women their marriage contract is two hundred dinars, as their legal status is that of a virgin. This is the statement of Rabbi Meir. And the Rabbis say: The marriage contract of a woman whose hymen was ruptured by wood is one hundred dinars, as physically, since her hymen is not intact, she is no longer a virgin.

🗝 בְּתוּלָה, אַלְמָנָה, גְרוּשָׁה וַחֲלוּצָה מִן הַנִּישׂוּאִין — כְּתוּבָּתָן מָנָה.



whose hymen was ruptured by wood is one hundred dinars, as physically, since her hymen is not intact, she is no longer a virgin.

• בְּתוּלָה, אַלְמְנָה, גְרוּשָׁה וַחֲלוּצָה מִן הַנִּישׂוּאִין — כְּתוּבָּתָן מְנֶה.

With regard to a virgin who is either a widow, a divorcée, or a *ḥalutza* who achieved that status from a state of marriage, for all these women their marriage contract is one hundred dinars,

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וְאֵין לֶהֶן טַעֲנַת בְּתוּלִים.

and they are not subject to a claim concerning their virginity. Since they were married, even if they did not engage in intercourse with their husband, their presumptive status is that of non-virgins, and the second



who achieved that status **from** a state of **marriage**, for all these women their marriage contract is one hundred dinars,

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וְאֵין לְהֶן טַעֲנַת בְּתוּלִים.

and they are not subject to a claim concerning their virginity. Since they were married, even if they did not engage in intercourse with their husband, their presumptive status is that of non-virgins, and the second husband cannot claim that he was misled with regard to their status as virgins.

הַגִּיוֹרֶת וְהַשְׁבוּיָה וְהַשִּׁפְחָה שֶׁנִּפְדּוּ וְשֶׁנַּתְנִּיְירוּ וְשֶׁנִּשְׁתַּחְרְרוּ, יְתֵירוֹת עַל
 בְּנוֹת שָׁלשׁ שָׁנִים וְיוֹם אֶחָד — כְּתוּבְּתָן מְנֶה, וְאֵין לְהֶן טַעֲנַת בְּתוּלִין.

And similarly, with regard to a female convert, or a captive woman, or

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הַגִּיוֹרֶת וְהַשְּׁבוּיָה וְהַשִּׁפְחָה שֶׁנִּפְדּוּ וְשֶׁנִּתְגַיְירוּ וְשֶׁנִשְׁתַּחְרְרוּ, יְתֵירוֹת עַל
 בְּנוֹת שָׁלשׁ שָׁנִים וְיוֹם אֶחָד — כְּתוּבְּתָן מְנֶה, וְאֵין לְהֶן טַעֲנַת בְּתוּלִין.

And similarly, with regard to a female convert, or a captive woman, or a maidservant, who were ransomed with regard to the captive, or who converted with regard to the convert, or who were freed with regard to the maidservant, when she was more than three years and one day old, for all of these, their marriage contract is one hundred dinars and they are not subject to a claim concerning their virginity. When they married, their presumptive status was that of a non-virgin.

אָמֶר רַב יְהוּדָה אָמַר רַב: קָטָן הַבָּא עַל הַגְּדוֹלָה — עֲשָׂאָה מוּכַּת עֵץ. כִּי אַמְרִיתַהּ קַמֵּיהּ דִּשְׁמוּאֵל, אָמַר: אֵין מוּכַּת עֵץ בְּבָשָׂר.

GEMARA: Rav Yehuda said that Rav said: A minor boy who

* אָמֶר רַב יְהוּדָה אָמֵר רַב: קָטָן הַבָּא עַל הַגְּדוֹלָה — עֲשָׂאָה מוּכַּת עֵץ. כִּי אַמְרִיתַה קַמֵּיה דְּשָׁמוּאֵל, אָמַר: אֵין מוּכַּת עֵץ בְּבָשָׂר.

GEMARA: Rav Yehuda said that Rav said: A minor boy who engaged in intercourse with an adult woman renders her as one whose hymen was ruptured by wood, as the act is not considered full-fledged intercourse. Rav Yehuda continues: When I said this statement before Shmuel, he said to me: A woman does not achieve the status of one whose hymen was ruptured by wood by means of flesh, i.e., intercourse.

אִיכָּא דְמַתְנֵי לַהּ לְהָא שְׁמַעְתָּא בְּאַפֵּי נַפְשַׁהּ: קָטָן הַבְּא עַל הַגְּדוֹלָה,
 רַב אָמַר: עֲשָׂאָה מוּכַּת עֵץ, וּשְׁמוּאֵל אָמַר: אֵין מוּכַת עֵץ בְּבָשָׂר.

Some teach this halakha independent of Rav Yehuda: With regard to

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mercourse.

• אִיכָּא דְּמַתְנֵי לַהּ לְהָא שְׁמַעְתָּא בְּאַפֵּי נַפְשַׁהּ: קָטָן הַבָּא עַל הַגְּדוֹלָה, רַב אָמַר: עֲשָׂאָהּ מוּכַּת עֵץ, וּשְׁמוּאֵל אָמַר: אֵין מוּכַּת עֵץ בְּבָשְׂר.

Some teach this halakha independent of Rav Yehuda: With regard to a minor boy who engaged in intercourse with an adult woman, Rav said: He renders her as one whose hymen was ruptured by wood. And Shmuel said: A woman does not achieve the status of one whose hymen was ruptured by wood by means of flesh.

ּ מֵתִיב רַב אוֹשַׁעְיָא: גָדוֹל שֶׁבֶּא עַל הַקְּטַנָּה, וְקָטָן הַבָּא עַל הַגְּדוֹלָה, וּמוּכַּת עֵץ — כְּתוּבָּתֶן מָאתִים, דִּבְרֵי רַבִּי מֵאִיר. וַחֲכָמִים אוֹמְרִים: מוּכַת עֵץ כְּתוּבָּתָהּ מָנָה.

Rav Oshaya raised an objection to the opinion of Rav from the mishna: With regard to an adult man who engaged in intercourse מֵתִיב רַב אוֹשַׁעְיָא: גְּדוֹל שֶׁבָּא עַל הַקְּטַנָּה, וְקְטָן הַבָּא עַל הַגְּדוֹלָה, וֹמִיב רַב אוֹשַׁעְיָא: גְּדוֹל שֶׁבָּא עַל הַקְּטַנָּה, וְקְטָן הַבָּא עַל הַגְּדוֹלְה, וּמוּכַּת עֵץ — כְּתוּבָּתָן מָאתִים, דִּבְרֵי רַבִּי מֵאִיר. וַחֲכָמִים אוֹמְרִים: מוּכַּת עֵץ כְּתוּבָּתָהּ מָנֶה.

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מוּכַת עֵץ כִּתוּבַּתָה מְנֵה.

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אמר רבא. הכי קאמר: גדול הבּא על הקטנה — ולא כּלוּם. דפחוֹת

אָמַר רָבָא, הָכִי קָאָמַר: גָּדוֹל הַבָּא עַל הַקְּטַנָּה — וְלֹא כְּלוּם, דְּפָחוֹת מִכְּאוֹ כְּנוֹתֵוֹ אֶצְבַּע בָּעַיִן דְּמֵי. וְקָטָן הַבְּא עַל הַגְּדוֹלָה — עֲשְׂאָה מוּכַּת עֵץ. וּמוּכַּת עֵץ גוּפָא פְּלוּגְהָא דְרַבִּי מֵאִיר וְרַבָּנַן.

Rava said that this is what the mishna is saying: An adult man who engaged in intercourse with a minor girl less than three years old has done nothing, as intercourse with a girl less than three years old is tantamount to poking a finger into the eye. In the case of an eye, after a tear falls from it another tear forms to replace it. Similarly, the ruptured hymen of the girl younger than three is restored. And a young boy who engaged in intercourse with an adult woman renders her as one whose hymen was ruptured by wood. And with regard to the case of a woman whose hymen was ruptured by wood itself, there is a dispute between Rabbi Meir and the Rabbis. Rabbi Meir maintains that her marriage contract is two hundred dinars, and the Rabbis

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אָמַר רָמֵי בַּר חָמָא: מַחֲלוֹקֶת כְּשֶׁהִכִּיר בָּה, דְּרַבִּי מֵאִיר מְדַמֵּי לַהּ לרוורת ורבון מדמן לב לרעולה אכל לא הביר בב — דרכי הכל